

## LANGUAGE AND ITS PHONOLOGICAL PROGRESS (AN EXAMPLE AS THE PERSIAN LANGUAGE)

**Homitov Dilovar Lutfullozoda\***

\*First-Year Doctoral Student  
Termiz State University,  
Termiz, UZBEKISTAN  
Email id: d.homitov@gmail.com

**DOI: 10.5958/2278-4853.2022.00216.6**

---

### ABSTRACT

*The language was created to connect people and it is the natural thing in people's life. Sounds were used as language signals in the generation of language. The word built by sounds' junctions, testifies considered theme. So when users which know how to use those language elements, speak, they know place and number of the elements. For example, there are six sounds in school and its order is s-c-h-o-o-l. If there is a change of a letter's place in this word, it may testify to the other meaning in considered theme. But although order of sounds' junction is in any position, its main aim is to create connection between people.*

**KEYWORDS:** *Meadows. Literary Words, Cultural Studies, Sociology Sciences.*

---

### REFERENCES:

1. Quronbekov.A. Persian lexicology. Tashkent, 2009, 108 b.
2. Sa'diy Sheroziy. Gazaliyot Axtaroni breeding. –Dushanbe: Adib, 2014, 480 c.
1. دکتر جواد برومند سعید. دگرگونی های واژگان در زبان فارسی. توس. 1363. 211 ص.
2. علی اکبر دهخدا. لغت نامه. ج. 1-15. تهران. 1377. 23911 ص.
3. محسن ابوالقاسمی. تاریخ زبان فارسی. تهران. 1373. 350 ص.
4. محمد معین. فرهنگ فارسی. ج. 1-2. تهران. 1964-1974. 2148 ص.