

**SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP**  
(An Appraisal of Schemes with Special Reference to PMKVY)

**Dr. Amandeep Batra\*; Dr. Rajinder Singh Vohra\*\***

\*Assistant Prof,  
Deptt. Of Commerce,  
Mukand Lal National, College,  
Yamunanagar, Haryana, INDIA

\*\* Assistant Prof,  
Deptt. Of Commerce,  
Guru Nanak Khalsa College,  
Yamunanagar, Haryana, INDIA

**DOI: 10.5958/2278-4853.2023.00093.9**

---

**ABSTRACT:**

*Being skillful is the boon for an individual because it only makes a person employable resource, but at the same time makes him a contributory towards the economic development of the nation. For a country like India, which is for sure to become the superpower of the world in the time to come, the preparedness of its workforce is a prerequisite. The government of India in the recent past have left no stone unturned to make Indian economy a hub for manufacturing and service sector. Government of India very well recognizes that it is very important to make the youth skillful to make him competitive not only at national level but at international level. In this direction the establishment of Ministry of skill Development and Entrepreneurship is the milestone. This ministry is creating a new milestone with each passing year to make the generation skillful. This ministry has many institutions working under it, and these all institutions are engaged in one way or other in the training to the masses of the Indian economy. Present research paper is in effort to appraise the various schemes run by MSDE (Especially the Prime Minister Kaushal Vikas Yojna). The Study finds that really the establishment of MSDE is proving boon for Indian youths in the provisions of training and other schemes launched by Ministry to create an environment of entrepreneurship. But, at the same time some suggestions are also to offer like making trainers up to date, trainers must have industry knowledge, the attendance of the trainee should be made compulsory. etc.*

**KEYWORDS:** Msde, Entrepreneurship, Pmkvy, Skillful, Skill Development, Appraisal.

---

**REFERENCES**

**Annual Report 2021-22 Ministry of skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE), Government of India.** <https://www.msde.gov.in/>

**Arvind, Chaudhari. (2015).** A Study of Perception about “Make in India” among College Students. *International Journal of Management*, 6(11), 37-44.

**AV Banerjee, E Duflo-** Review of Economic Studies, 2014-academic.oup.com.

**A., Y. M. (2017).** Manufacturing Sectors in India: Outlook and Challenges. *Procedia Engineering* Vol 174, 90-104.

**Das, Sandip. (2015).** Make in India"- A Boost to the Manufacturing Sector. <http://employmentnews.gov.in/webmake.pdf>.

**Ease of Doing Business:** DIPP initiates 285-Question Survey in States. (2015). <http://economictimes.indiatimes.com/news/economy/policy/ease-of-doing-business-dipp-initiates-285-question-survey-in-states/articleshow/47680259.cms>.

**FICCI-KPMG (2012).** *Skilling India-a look back at the progress, challenges and the way forward.*

**FICCI-Ernst & Young(2012).** *Knowledge Paper on Skill Development in India-Learner First.*

**Government of India (2004).** *India Vision 2020.* New Delhi: Planning Commission. Government of India (2014). *Demand Responsive Vocational Training.* New Delhi: Directorate General of Employment and Training, Ministry of Labour & Employment.

**Government of India-Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship,** National Skill Development Corporation and KPMG. *Human Resource and Skill Requirements in the Food Processing Sector(2013-17,2017-22).*

**Government of India (2015).** *Draft National Policy for Skill Development and Entrepreneurship 2015.* New Delhi: Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship

**Government of India (2012-13).** *Seizing the Demographic Dividend- Chapter 2,* Economic Survey. New Delhi: Ministry of Finance

**Government of India (2013).** *Twelfth Five Year Plan (2012-2017) Social Sectors, volume 3.* New Delhi: Planning Commission.

**Gupta, R. K. (2008).** Towards a Competitive Manufacturing Sector. *ICRIER Working Paper No.203.*

**Kaul, V. (2015).** India has enough land for farming but there are other bigger issues to worry about. <http://www.firstpost.com/business/india-enough-land-farming-bigger-issues-worry-2032327.html>.

**Kumar, P. (2015).** Indian Govt. Transforming India by hundred Smart Cities Projects; <http://www.smartcitiesprojects.com/indian-govt-transforming-india-by-hundered-smart-cities-project-with-two-mega-projects/>.

**Kumar, R., & Gupta, A. S. (2008, February).** Towards A Competitive. *ICRIER Working Paper No.203.*

**Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises-** Report (2013-14). <http://msme.gov.in/WriteReadData/DocumentFile/Annualreport-MSME-2013>.

**National Skill Development Corporation.** *Human Resource and Skill Requirements in the Capital Goods Sector (2012-17, 2017-22).*

***World Development Report 2020: Trading for Development in the Age of Global Value Chains.*** Washington DC: World Bank.

**Sharma, C., & Sehgal, S. (2010).** Impact of Infrastructure on Output, Productivity and Efficiency: Evidence from the Indian Manufacturing Industry. *Indian Growth and Development Review*, 100-121.

**Skill Assessment and Anticipation** Study-Manufacturing Sector, Ministry of skill Development and Entrepreneurship, Government of India

**Rajiv Kumar and Abhijeet Sen Gupta (2008),** “Towards a Competitive Manufacturing Sector.”ICRIER Working Paper No. 203.